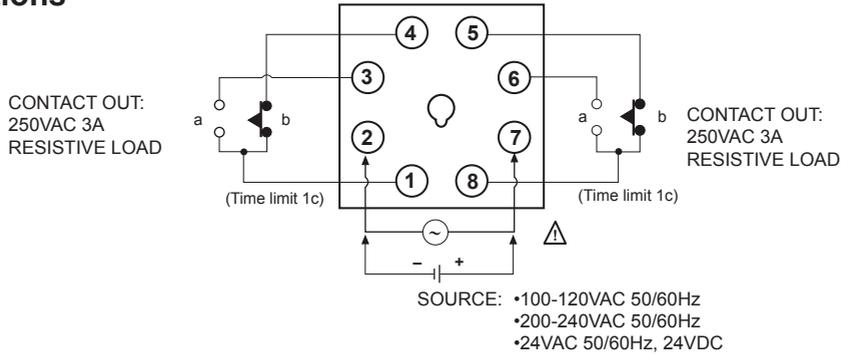




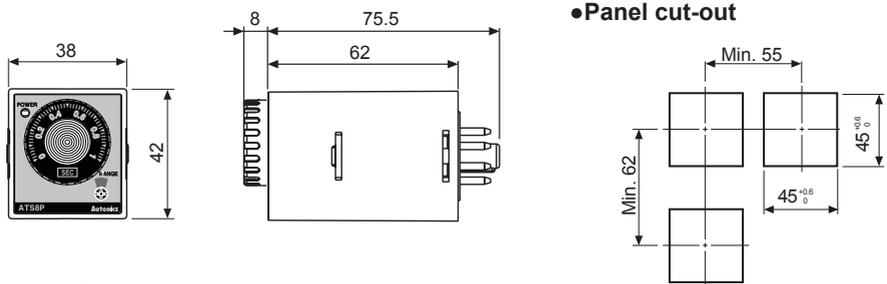
# ATS8P Series

## ■ Connections

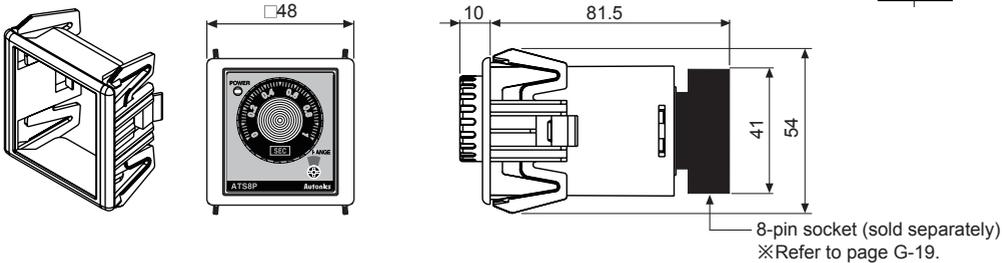


## ■ Dimensions

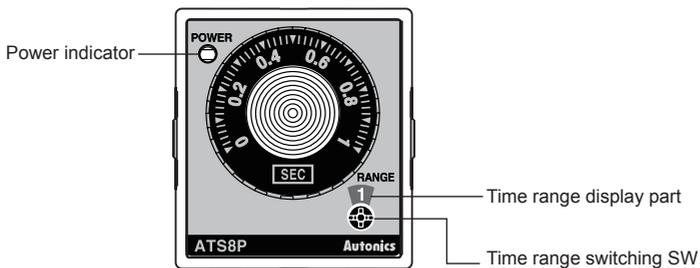
(unit: mm)



## • Bracket



## ■ Unit Description

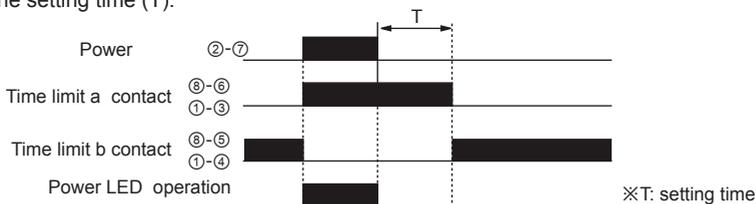


## •Time specifications

	Time range	Unit	
		SEC (ATS8P-□S)	MIN (ATS8P-□M)
Setting time range (T)	1	0.1 to 1 sec	0.1 to 1 min
	10	1 to 10 sec	1 to 10 min
Min. time to supply the power		0.1sec	2sec

## ■ Operation

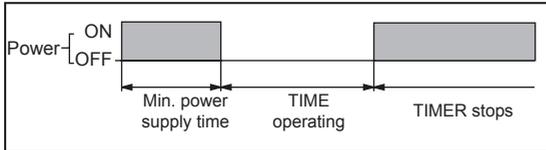
When supplying the power, 'a' contact turns ON at the same time. When turning OFF the power, 'a' contact turns OFF after the setting time (T).



## ■ Proper Usage

### ◎ Power

- This product is Power OFF Delay Timer, the time of min. power supply is 0.1 sec. for ATS8P-□S, and 2 sec. for ATS8P-□M. Therefore be sure that this timer does not operate when supplying power but operates when turning OFF the power.



- Please observe the allowable voltage range and apply or cut the power at once to prevent from chattering.
- When supplying the power to the timer with 100-120VAC, 200-240VAC, approx. 0.5A will flow for 0.05 sec. (ATS8P-□S), 0.5 sec. (ATS8P-□M). When supplying the power to the timer with 24VDC voltage, approx. 1.5A will flow for 0.05 sec. (ATS8P-□S), 0.5 sec. (ATS8P-□M). Therefore, be sure about the rated of contact and the power capacity.

### ◎ Noise

- We test 2kV, pulse width 1 $\mu$ s against impulse voltage between power terminals and 1kV, pulse width 1 $\mu$ s at noise simulator against external noise voltage. Please install MP condenser (0.1 to 1 $\mu$ F) or oil condenser between power terminals when over impulse noise voltage occurs.
- Dielectric, impulse voltage or insulation resistance test of electrical circuit when this unit is installed in the control panel.
- Separate the unit from control panel circuit.
- Short circuit all terminals of the unit.  
(to prevent from damage of this inner circuit by inner, insulation failure of control panel parts)

### ◎ Environment

Do not use this unit at below places.

- Place where temperature and humidity is out of the rated specifications.
- Place where freezing generates by temperature changes
- Place where there is flammable or explosive gas
- Place where there is lots of dust, oil or strong vibration or shock
- Place where strong alkalis or acid is used.
- Place where there is direct ray of the sun
- Place where strong magnetic field or electric noise is generated

(A)  
Photoelectric  
Sensors

(B)  
Fiber  
Optic  
Sensors

(C)  
Door/Area  
Sensors

(D)  
Proximity  
Sensors

(E)  
Pressure  
Sensors

(F)  
Rotary  
Encoders

(G)  
Connectors/  
Sockets

(H)  
Temperature  
Controllers

(I)  
SSRs / Power  
Controllers

(J)  
Counters

(K)  
Timers

(L)  
Panel  
Meters

(M)  
Tacho /  
Speed / Pulse  
Meters

(N)  
Display  
Units

(O)  
Sensor  
Controllers

(P)  
Switching  
Mode Power  
Supplies

(Q)  
Stepper Motors  
& Drivers  
& Controllers

(R)  
Graphic/  
Logic  
Panels

(S)  
Field  
Network  
Devices

(T)  
Software